



ALD12/18/20/25 Single Output 16th Brick: 60Watts

The ALD12/18/20/25 series is Astec's latest 16th Brick industry standard offering. Operating from an input voltage range of 36V to 75V, the series provides 6 configured outputs from 1.2V all the way up to 5V. It delivers up to 25A max current for 1.8V and lower at impressive levels of efficiency. The series comes with industry standard features such as Input UVLO; non-latching OCP, OVP and OTP; Output Trim; Differential Remote Sense pins. With its wide operating temperature range of -40°C to 85°C ambient, the converters are deployable into almost any environment.

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Special Features

- Industry Standard 16th Brick Footprint
- Low Ripple and Noise
- Output pre-bias startup
- Regulation to zero load
- High Capacitive Load Start-up
- Fixed Switching Frequency
- Industry standard features: Input UVLO; Enable; non-latching OVP, OCP and OTP; Output Trim, Differential Remote Sense
- Meets Basic Insulation

Environmental Specifications

- -40°C to 85°C Operating Temperature
- -40°C to 125°C Storage Temperature
- MTBF > 1 million hours

Electrical Parameters

<u>Input</u> Input Range Input Surge

36-75 VDC 100V / 100ms

<u>Control</u>

Enable TTL compatible (Positive or Negative Logic Enable Options)

<u>Output</u>

Load Current Up to 25A max ($V_0 \le 1.8V$) Line/Load Regulation $< 1\% V_{0}$ 40mV_{P-P} typical **Ripple and Noise** ±10% Vo **Adjust Range 3%** Typical deviation **Transient Response** 50% to 75% Load Change 80µs settling time (Typ) **Remote Sense** +10%V0 **Over Current** 120% max Protection **Over Voltage** 130% max Protection

110 °C

Safety

Protection

Over Temperature

UL + cUL 60950, Recognized EN60950 through TUV-PS





Electrical Specifications

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the converter. Functional operation of the device is converter is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operational section of the specs. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended period can adversely affect device reliability.

	Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Input Voltage ¹						
aSheet4U.com	Continuous	All	V_{IN}	-0.3	-	75	Vdc
	Transient (100ms)		V _{IN, trans}	-	-	100	
	Isolation Voltage						
	Input to Output	All		1500	-	-	Vdc
	Operating Temperature	All	Та	-40	-	85	°C
	Storage Temperature	All	T _{STG}	-40	-	125	°C
	Operating Humidity	All	-	10	-	85	%
	Max Voltage at Enable Pin	All		-0.6	-	25	Vdc
	Max Output Power	A (5V0)		-	-	60	W
	_	F (3V3)		-	-	60	W
		G (2V5)		-	-	50	W
		Y (1V8)		-	-	45	W
		M (1V5)		-	-	38	W
		K (1V2)		-	-	30	W

INPUT SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operating Input Voltage Range	All	V _{IN}	36	48	75	Vdc
Input Under-Voltage Lock-out	All					
T_ON Threshold			34.0	34.8	36.0	Vdc
T_OFF Threshold			31.0	32.5	33.5	
Input Current ¹	5V0 (A)	I _{IN-MAX}	-	-	2.4	А
$(V_{IN} = V_{IN, Min}; I_O = I_{O, Max})$	3V3 (F)		-	-	2.4	
	2V5 (G)		-	-	1.9	
	1V8 (Y)		-	-	1.6	
	1V5 (M)				1.4	
	1V2 (K)				1.1	
Max P_{diss} @ $I_0 = 0A$	5V0 (A)		-	-	4.1	W
$(V_{IN} = V_{IN, Nom}; T_A \ge 25^{\circ}C)$	3V3 (F)		-	-	3.9	
	2V5 (G)		-	-	3.4	
	1V8 (Y)		-	-	3.4	
	1V5 (M)				3.4	
	1V2 (K)				2.6	
Input Ripple Current ²	All	I _{I1}	-	-	10	mAp-p
5Hz to 20MHz						
Input Voltage Rise Time	All		-	1	-	V/ms
10% to 90% of Vout						
Inrush Current	All	I^2/s	-	-	1	A^2/s





<u>Electrical Specifications</u> (continued)

OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS

	Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Output Voltage Set point	5V0 (A)	V _{O,SET}	4.930	5.000	5.070	Vdc
	$V_{IN} = V_{IN, MIN}$ to $V_{IN, MAX}$;	3V3 (F)	0,521	3.260	3.300	3.340	Vdc
	$I_{O} = I_{O,Max}$	2V5 (G)		2.465	2.500	2.535	Vdc
		1V8 (Y)		1.770	1.800	1.830	Vdc
		1V5 (M)		1.470	1.500	1.530	Vdc
Sheet4U.com		1V2 (K)		1.180	1.200	1.220	Vdc
	Output Regulation						
	Line: $V_{IN} = V_{IN, Min}$ to $V_{IN, Max}$	All	-	-	0.1	0.4	%Vo
	Load: $I_O = I_{O, Min}$ to $I_{O, Max}$	All	-	-	0.1	0.4	%Vo
	Temperature: $T_A = -40$ °C to $+85$ °C	All	-	-	0.3	0.8	%Vo
	Ripple and Noise ³	All	-	-	40	100	mVp-p
	Peak-to-Peak: (5Hz to 20MHz)						
	Output Current	5V0 (A)	Io	0	-	12	А
		3V3 (F)		0	-	18	
		2V5 (G)		0	-	20	
		1V8 (Y)		0	-	25	
		1V5 (M)		0	-	25	
		1V2 (K)		0	-	25	
	External Load Capacitance	All	-	-	-	10,000	μF
	Capacitor ESR			4	-	-	mΩ
	Output Current-limit Inception	5V0 (A)	Io	13.0	-	19	А
	$V_{OUT} = 90\% V_{O,SET}$	3V3 (F)		19.5	-	25	
	(Autorecovery)	2V5 (G)		21.5	-	30	
		1V8 (Y)		26.5	-	34	
		1V5 (M)		26.5	-	34	
		1V2 (K)		26.5	-	34	
	Over Voltage Range	5V0 (A)		5.9	6.2	6.9	V
	(Autorecovery)	3V3 (F)		3.9	4.1	4.9	
		2V5 (G)		3.0	3.2	3.9	
		1V8 (Y)		2.1	2.4	2.9	
		1V5 (M)		1.8	2.1	2.5	
		1V2 (K)		1.4	1.6	2.1	<u></u>
	Over Temperature Range (AVG. PCB TEMP) - Auto recovery	All		110	-	120	°C
	Efficiency	5V0 (A)	η	90.0	91.0	94.0	%
	$V_{IN} = V_{IN-NOM}$	3V3 (F)	η	89.0	90.0	93.0	%
	$I_O = I_{O,MAX}$	2V5 (G)	η	88.5	89.5	92.0	%
	$T_A=25^{\circ}C$	1V8 (Y)	η	87.0	88.0	90.0	%
		1V5 (M)	η	83.5	84.5	88.0	%
		1V2 (K)	η	82.0	83.0	86.0	%





Electrical Specifications (continued)

OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS (continued)

	Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Turn-On Response Time ⁴						
	$V_{IN} = V_{IN-MIN to} V_{IN-MAX}$	All	-	-	2	5	ms
	Enable to Output Turn-ON Delay	All	-	-	-	10	ms
	$V_{IN} = V_{IN-MIN to} V_{IN-MAX}$						
	$I_O = I_{O,MIN to} I_{O,MAX}$						
ataSheet4U.com	+V _{IN} to Output Turn-On Delay Enable Pin: Active	All	-	-	-	10	ms
	$V_{IN} = V_{IN-MIN to} V_{IN-MAX}$						
	$I_{O} = I_{O,MIN to} I_{O,MAX}$						
	Switching Frequency	All	-	560	625	690	KHz
		2V5, 5V0		650	725	800	
	Dynamic Response:	$\Delta I_0 / \Delta t$	-	-	0.1	-	A/µs
	$C_0 =$ use Figure 2 test setup	0					
	Peak Deviation for Load Step						
	Change from						
	$I_{O} = 50\%$ to 75% of $I_{O, Max}$:	All	-	-	3	6	% Vo
	Settling Time to within 1% of						
	output set point voltage – V _{O,SET} :	All	-	-	80	200	μs
	Peak Deviation for Load Step						
	Change from						
	$I_0 = 50\%$ to 25% of $I_{0, Max}$:	All	-	-	3	6	% Vo
	Settling Time to within 1% of						
	output set point voltage – V _{O,SET} :	All	-	-	80	200	μs
	Output Overshoot at Turn-on	$Vo \le 1V8$	-	-	0	5	%Vo
	Passive Resistive Full Load	Vo > 1V8	-	-	0	4	
	Output Enable ON/OFF						
	Enable Signal Slew Rate	All	-	0.01	-	-	V/ms
	Negative Enable ("N" suffix)	N suffix					
	Enable Pin Voltage: Mod-ON		-	-0.5	-	1.2	V
	Mod-OFF		-	2.95	-	20	V
	Positive Enable (No suffix)	No suffix					
	Enable Pin voltage: Mod-ON		-	2.95	-	20	V
	Mod-OFF		-	-0.5	-	1.2	
	Output Voltage Remote Sensing	All	-	-	-	10	%V ₀
	Output Voltage Trim Range ⁵	All		90		110	%Vo

NOTES: 1. The converter is not internally fused; an external fuse must be used.

2. Refer to Figure 1 for the input reflected ripple test setup.

3. Refer to Figure 2 for the Output Ripple and Noise Test Measurement Setup.

4. Measure output rise time from $10\% V_0$ to $90\% V_0$.

5. Refer to the output trim equations provided (Equations 1 and 2).





Electrical Specifications (continued)

SAFETY AGENCY / MATERIAL RATING / ISOLATION

Parameter	Device								
Safety Approval	All	UL/cUL	UL/cUL 60950						
		TUV EN	TUV EN 60950						
Material Flammability Rating	All	UL94V-0							
Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit			
Input to Output Capacitance	All		-	1000	-	pF			
Input to output Resistance	All		-	10	-	Mohms			
Input to Output Insulation Type	All		-	Basic	-	-			

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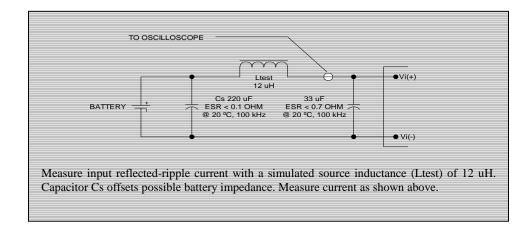


Figure 1. Input Reflected Ripple Current Measurement Setup.

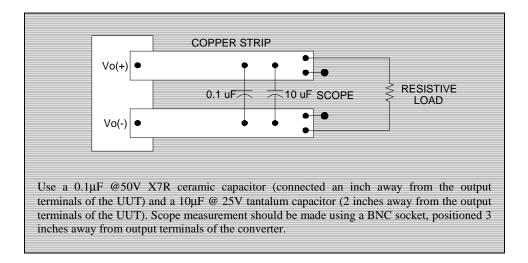


Figure 2. Peak to Peak Output Noise Measurement Setup.





Basic Operation and Features

INPUT UNDER VOLTAGE LOCKOUT

To prevent any instability to the converter, which may affect the end system, the converter have been designed to turn-on once V_{IN} is in the voltage range of 34-36 VDC. Likewise, it has also been programmed to turn-off when V_{IN} drops down to 31-33.5 VDC.

OUTPUT VOLTAGE ADJUST/TRIM

The converter comes with a TRIM pin (PIN 6), which is used to adjust the output by as much as 90% to 110% of its set point. This is achieved by connecting an external resistor as described below.

To **INCREASE** the output, external R_{adj_up} resistor should be connected between TRIM PIN (Pin6) and +SENSE PIN (Pin 7). Please refer to Equation (1) for the required external resistance and output adjust relationship.

Equation (1a): 1.5V to 5V

$$R_{adj_up} = \begin{bmatrix} 5.1 \times Vo_{set} \times (100 + \Delta\%) \\ 1.225 \times \Delta\% \\ - \frac{510}{\Delta\%} - 10.2 \end{bmatrix} K\Omega$$

Equation (1b): 1.2V

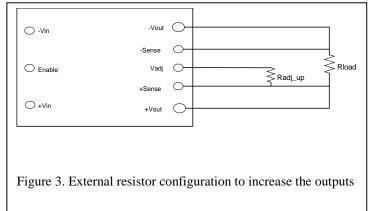
$$\mathbf{R}_{adj_up} = \begin{bmatrix} 5.1 \times \operatorname{Vo}_{set} \times (100 + \Delta\%) \\ 0.6 \times \Delta\% \\ - \frac{510}{\Delta\%} - 10.2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathrm{K}\Omega$$

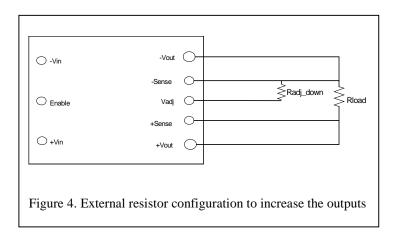
To **DECREASE** the output, external R_{adj_down} resistor should be connected between TRIM pin (Pin 6) and -SENSE PIN (Pin 5). Please refer to Equation (2) for the required external resistance and output adjust relationship.

Equation (2):

Radj_down =
$$\left(\frac{510}{\Delta\%} - 10.2\right) \cdot k\Omega$$

Where: $\Delta \%$ = percent change in output voltage





OUTPUT ENABLE

The converter comes with an Enable pin (PIN 2), which is primarily used to turn ON/OFF the converter. Both a Positive (no "N" suffix required) and a Negative (suffix "N" required) Enable Logic options are being offered.





Basic Operation and Features (continued)

OUTPUT ENABLE (continued)

For Positive Enable, the converter is turned on when the Enable pin is at logic HIGH or left open. The unit turns off when the Enable pin is at logic LOW or directly connected to $-V_{IN}$. On the other hand, the Negative Enable version turns unit on when the Enable pin is at logic LOW or directly connected to $-V_{IN}$. The unit turns off when the Enable pin is at logic HIGH.

OUTPUT OVER VOLTAGE PROTECTION (OVP)

The Over Voltage Protection circuit is non-latching - auto recovery mode. The converter will shut down and attempt to restart until the fault is removed. There is a 20-50ms lockout period between restart attempts.

OVER CURRENT PROTECTION (OCP)

The Over Current Protection is non-latching - auto recovery mode. The converter shuts down once the output current reaches the OCP range. The converter will attempt to restart until the fault is removed. There is a 20-50ms lockout period between restart attempts. Note that the OCP threshold will be reduced proportionally with the output voltage trim up and/or remote sense compensation. The percent rise in output voltage will be proportional to the reduction in OCP current inception.

OVER TEMPERATURE PROTECTION (OTP)

The Over Temperature Protection circuit will shutdown the converter once the average PCB temperature (See Figure 43A for OTP reference sense point) reaches the OTP range. This feature prevents the unit from overheating and consequently going into thermal runaway, which may further damage the converter and the end system. Such overheating may be an effect of operation outside the given power thermal derating conditions. Restart is possible once the temperature of the sensed location drops to less than 110°C.

REMOTE SENSE

The remote sense pins can be used to compensate for any voltage drops (per indicated max limits) that may occur along the connection between the output pins to the load. Pin 7 (+Sense) and Pin 5 (-Sense) should be connected to Pin 8 (+Vout) and Pin 4 (-Vout) respectively at the point where regulation is desired. The combination of remote sense and trim adjust cannot exceed 110% of V_0 . When output voltage is trimmed up (through remote sensing and/or trim pin), output current must be derated and maximum output power must not be exceeded.

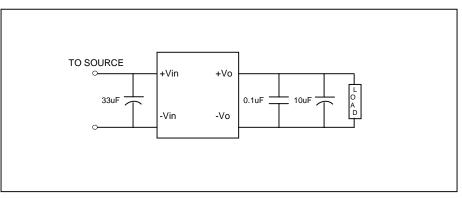
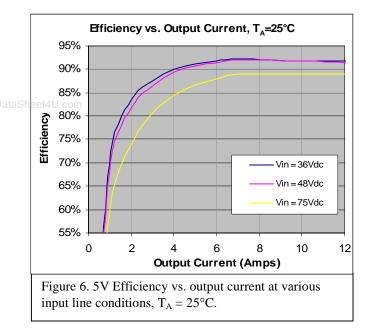


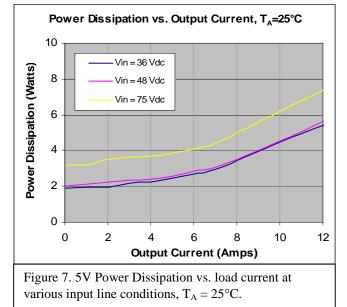
Figure 5. Typical Application Circuit

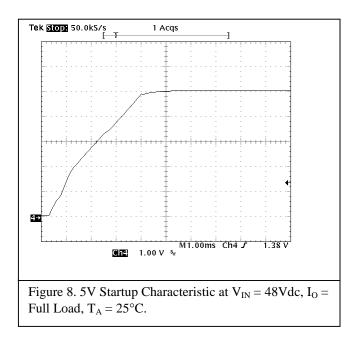


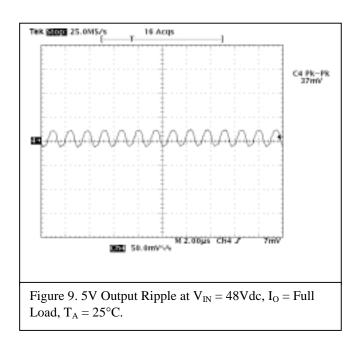


5V Version





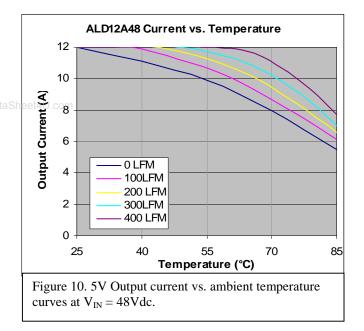


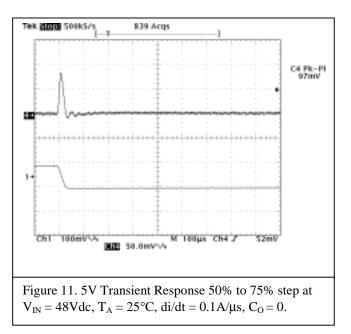




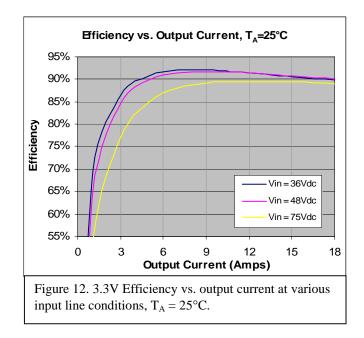


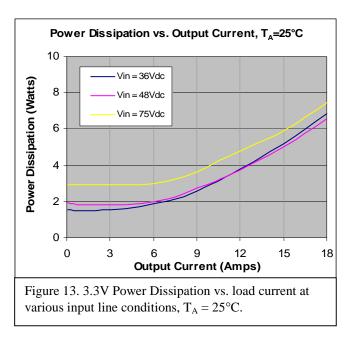
5V Version (continued)





3.3V Version

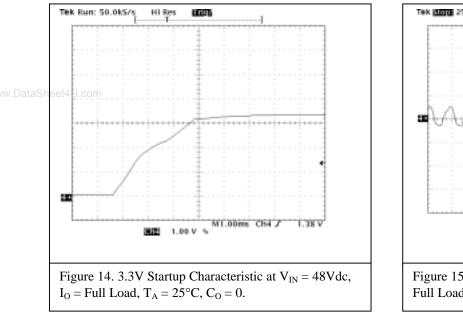


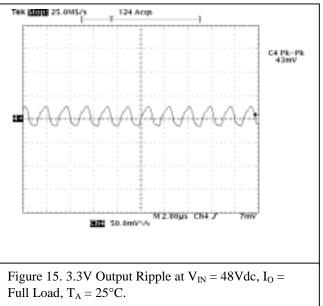


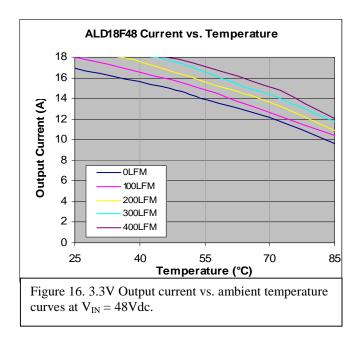


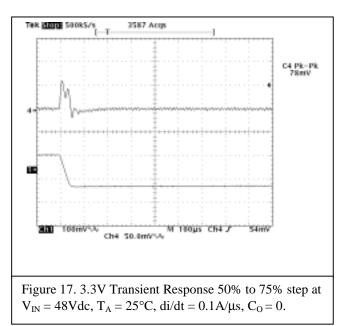


3.3V Version (continued)





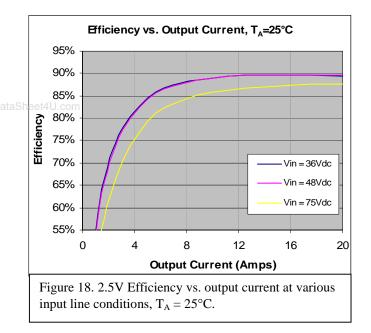


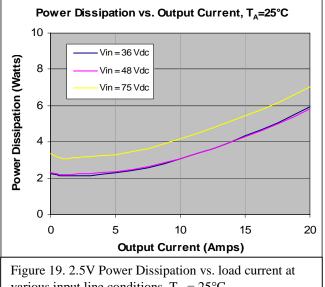


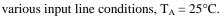


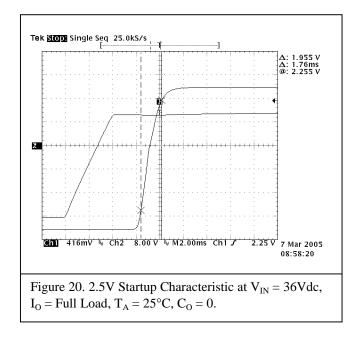


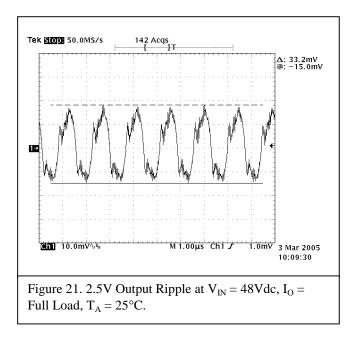
2.5V Version







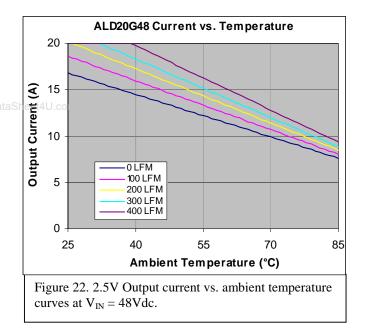


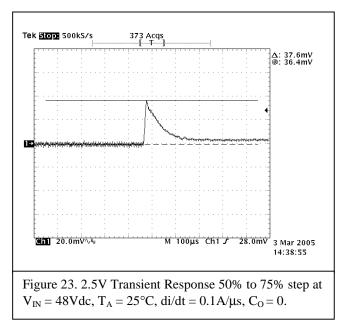




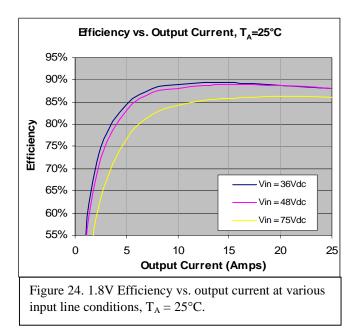


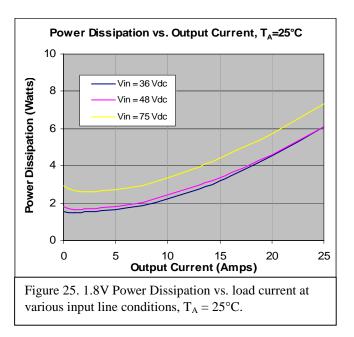
2.5V Version (continued)





1.8V Version

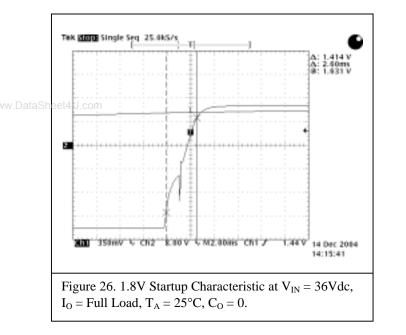


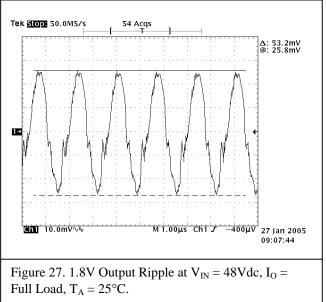


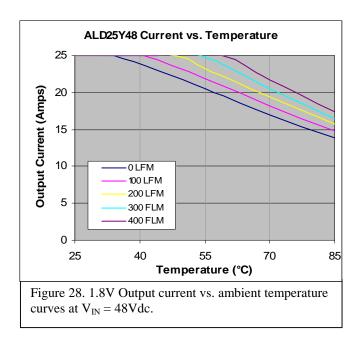


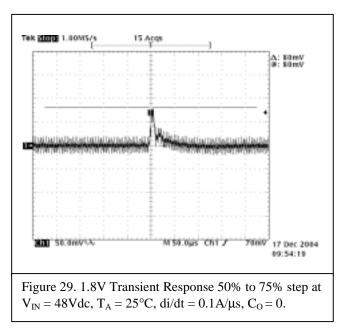


1.8V Version





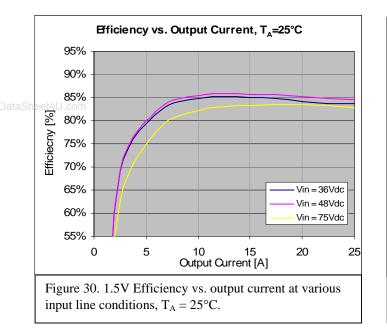


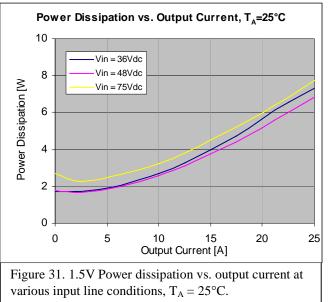


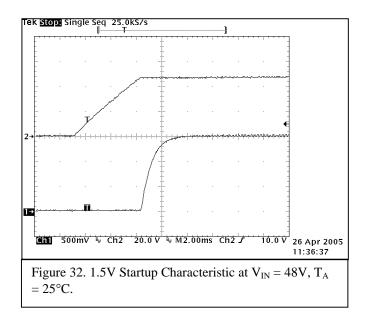


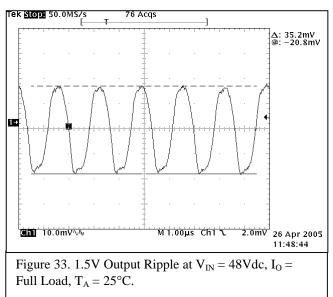


1.5V Version





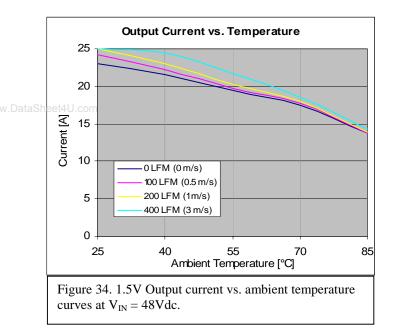


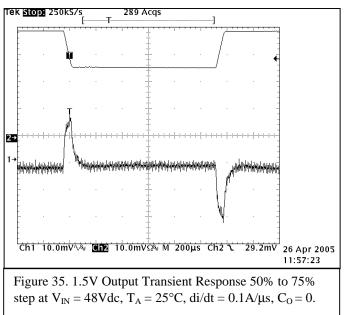




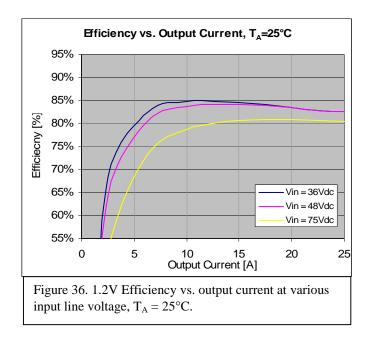


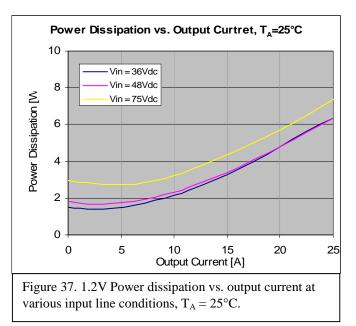
1.5V Version (continued)





1.2V Version

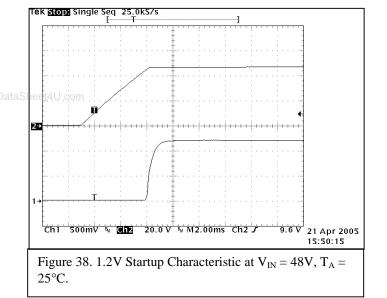


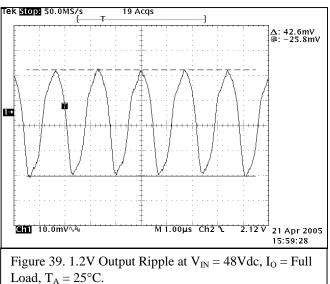


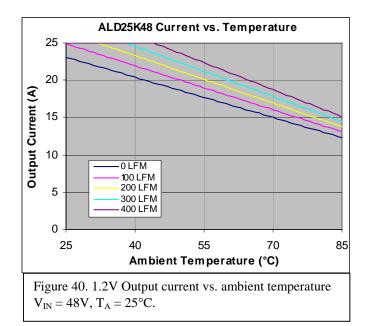


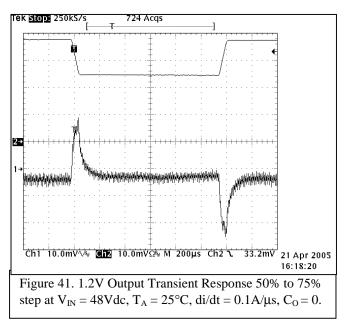


1.2V Version (continued)













Input Filter for FCC Class B Conducted Noise

A reference design for an input filter that can provide FCC Class B conducted noise levels is shown below (See Figure 42). Two common mode connected inductors are used in the circuit along with balanced bypass capacitors to shunt common mode currents into the ground plane. Shunting noise current back to the converter reduces the amount of energy reaching the input LISN for measurement.

The application circuit shown has an earth ground (frame ground) connected to the converter output (-) terminal. Such a configuration is common practice to accommodate safety agency requirements. Grounding an output terminal results in much higher conducted emissions as measured at the input LISN because a hard path for common mode current back to the LISN is created by the frame ground. "Floating" loads generally result in much lower measured emissions. The electrical equivalent of a floating load, for EMI measurement purposes, can be created by grounding the converter output (load) through a suitably sized inductor(s) while maintaining the necessary safety bonding.

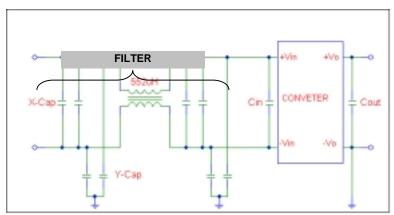


Figure 42: Class B Filter Circuit

PARTS LIST					
CKT CODE	DESCRIPTION				
Common	CTX01-15091				
Mode Choke	Cooper Electronic				
Mode Choke	Technologies				
X-Cap	0.47 µF X 4pcs				
Y-Cap	22 nF X 4 pcs				
Cin	33 uF				





Mechanical Specifications

	Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
	Dimension	All	L	1.28 [32.5]	1.30 [33.0]	1.32 [33.5]	in [mm]	
			W	0.88 [22.35]	0.90 [22.9]	0.92 [23.36]	in [mm]	
			Н	0.33 [8.38]	0.35 [8.8]	0.37 [9.39]	in [mm]	
	Weight	All		-	14.17 [0.54]	-	g [oz]	
	PIN ASSIGNMENT							
	1	-	+V _{IN}		5	-SEN	SE	
	2	ENABLE			6	TRIM		
t4U.com	3	-	$-V_{IN}$		7	+SENSE		
	4	-V _{IN} -V _{OUT}			8	$+V_{OUT}$		

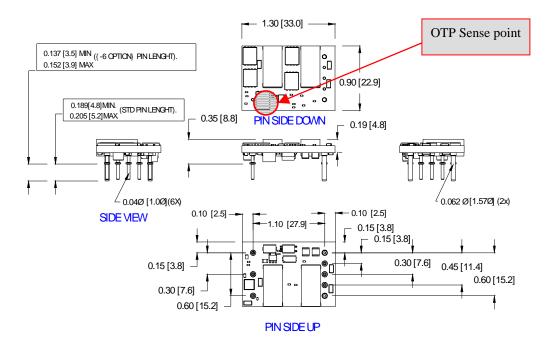
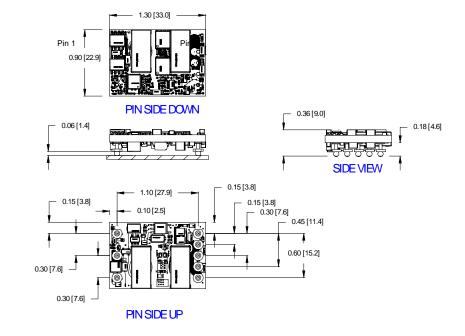


Figure 43A. Mechanical Outline - Through hole termination





Mechanical Specifications (continued)



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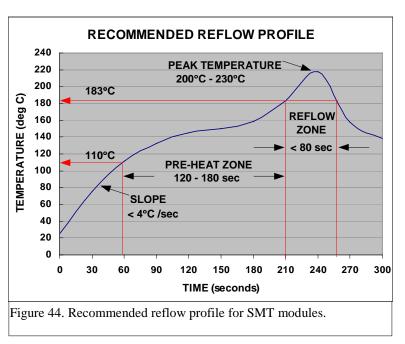
Figure 43B. Mechanical Outline - SMT (Solder Ball) Termination.

SOLDERING CONSIDERATIONS

The through hole terminated converters are compatible with standard wave soldering techniques. When wave soldering, the converter pins should be preheated for 20-30 sec at 110° C and wave soldered at 260° C for less than 10 sec.

When hand soldering, the iron temperature should be maintained at 425°C and applied to the converter pins for less than 5 seconds. Longer exposure can cause internal damage to the converter. Cleaning can be performed with cleaning solvent IPA or with water.

For SMT terminated modules, refer to Figure 44 for the recommended reflow profile.







PART NUMBERING SCHEME

	CONSTRUCTION		O/P CURRENT	O/P VOLTAGE	Vin	Enable		TH PIN LENGTH	TERMINATION
Α	W	D	хх	У	48	Ν	-	6	S
	L = Open frame E = Baseplate		12 = 12A 18 = 18A 20 = 20A 25 = 25A 25 = 25A 25 = 25A	$\begin{array}{r} A \ = \ 5.0V \\ F \ = \ 3.3V \\ G \ = \ 2.5V \\ Y \ = \ 1.8V \\ M \ = \ 1.5V \\ K \ = \ 1.2V \end{array}$		N = Negative Blank = Positive		6 = 3.7mm Blank = 5mm default	S = SMT Termination (Consult with Factory) Blank = (TH) thru-hole

www.DataShote: 1) For Through Hole termination: - Std pin length is 5mm nominal (min: 0.189 [4.8]; max: 0.205 [5.2] / in [mm]) - "-6" option is 3.7mm nominal (min: 0.137 [3.5]; max: 0.152 [3.9] / in [mm])

- Pins 4&8 diameter: $\emptyset = 0.062$ [1.57], others: $\emptyset = 0.04$ [1.0] (6X)

2) For SMT termination:

- Recommended surface mount pad $\emptyset = 0.11 [2.79] \pm 0.005 [0.13]$ (in [mm])

Please call 1-888-41-ASTEC for further inquiries or visit us at <u>www.astecpower.com</u>